

February Market Pulse: Investment Insights

February 2026: FPIs Turn Equity Buyers, Debt Flows Stay Strong; DIIs Support the Market as MF Buying Hits a Three-Year Low

❖ FPIs Turn Equity Buyers in February; Debt Buying Continues

- FPIs turned net buyers in equities in February, with net inflows of ₹22,615 Cr after two consecutive months of selling. Buying was largely front-loaded, with ₹19,675 Cr invested in the 1st–15th, followed by a much softer ₹2,940 Cr in the 16th–28th, indicating that the recovery in foreign flows lost pace toward the latter half of the month. The rebound was driven predominantly by secondary market buying of ₹19,782 Cr, while primary market investments stood at ₹2,833 Cr, suggesting that FPI participation was led more by on-market accumulation than fresh issuances.
- Debt flows remained supportive for FPIs, with net inflows of ₹18,791 Cr during the month, including ₹10,930 Cr in the first half and ₹7,861 Cr in the second. This suggests that even as FPIs returned to equities in February, their preference for fixed-income exposure stayed intact.
- CY2026 so far, FPIs have still sold ₹13,347 Cr in equities while investing ₹24,804 Cr in debt, reinforcing a continued equity-to-debt tilt despite the rebound in February equity flows.

❖ DII Flows: Domestic Institutions Stay the Market's Key Support in February and CY2026 So Far

- Strong Equity Buying Continues in February: DIIs remained firm buyers in February, with net equity inflows of ₹38,423 Cr. Buying accelerated sharply in the second half of the month at ₹28,647 Cr, compared with ₹9,776 Cr in the first half, highlighting stronger domestic support as the month progressed.
- CY2026 Reflects Their Continued Anchor Role: For CY2026 so far, DIIs have infused a robust ₹107,644 Cr into equities, reinforcing their position as the market's key stabiliser—absorbing supply, supporting liquidity, and cushioning volatility during phases of shifting foreign flows.

❖ Mutual Funds Equity Buying Falls to a Three-Year Low

- Mutual Funds remained net buyers in equities in February, investing ₹11,422 Cr, though flows slowed sharply. After a marginal outflow of ₹603 Cr in the first half, buying recovered to ₹12,025 Cr in the second half, indicating selective deployment through the month. Notably, February's equity buying was the lowest in nearly three years, the weakest since July 2023 when inflows stood at ₹7,707 Cr, suggesting that as FPI flows turned positive, some domestic fund managers likely used the opportunity to book profits.
- CY2026 equity buying remains positive: For CY2026 so far, Mutual Funds have infused ₹53,777 Cr into equities, reflecting continued domestic support despite the moderation in February flows.

Monthly Investment Insights

Tracking Flows by Market Participants

| Market Participants | For the month of February | | | | | | CY2026 YTD | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------|------------|-------------|----------|--------------|------------|
| | Equity (Cr₹) | | | Debt (Cr₹) | | | Equity (Cr₹) | Debt (Cr₹) |
| | 1st - 15th | 16th - 28th | Total | 1st - 15th | 16th - 28th | Total | | |
| FPI | 19,675 | 2,940 | 22,615 | 10,930 | 7,861 | 18,791 | (13,347) | 24,804 |
| DII | 9,776 | 28,647 | 38,423 | - | - | - | 107,644 | - |
| *Mutual Funds | (603) | 12,025 | 11,422 | (44,711) | (51,747) | (96,458) | 53,777 | (187,265) |

*DII investments include MFs Investments. Source: NSDL, SEBI, NSE

Mapping FPI Investments: Sector-wise Insights in Indian Equities

- ❖ **February 2026 Sectoral Rotation: FPIs Lean Into Capex and Domestic Cyclical; IT Remains the Biggest Drag**
 - **Capex, Industrials and Domestic Cyclical Lead the Buying Trend:** FPI buying in February 2026 remained focused on capex-led and domestic cyclical sectors. Capital Goods was the top pick at ₹12,135 Cr, with flows stronger in the first half (₹8,032 Cr) than the second (₹4,103 Cr). Financial Services followed at ₹8,418 Cr, again front-loaded (₹6,175 Cr vs ₹2,243 Cr). Metals & Mining (₹5,638 Cr), Oil & Gas (₹5,381 Cr) and Power (₹4,506 Cr) also saw healthy inflows.
 - **Construction** recorded ₹4,487 Cr, with buying rising in the second half to ₹2,742 Cr from ₹1,745 Cr, while **Automobile** saw a sharp late-month pickup with ₹3,075 Cr in the second half versus ₹511 Cr in the first, indicating stronger interest in domestic demand-linked themes.
- ❖ **Technology Outflows Dominate While Consumption Sees Late-Month Pressure**
 - On the selling side, **Information Technology** remained the clear laggard, recording the deepest outflows of ₹16,949 Cr, with heavy selling in both halves of the month (₹10,956 Cr in the first and ₹5,993 Cr in the second). **Consumer Services** also saw a sharp reversal, moving from ₹1,066 Cr of buying in the first half to ₹5,238 Cr of selling in the second, ending the month with net outflows of ₹4,172 Cr. **FMCG** (₹1,951 Cr) and **Telecommunication** (₹1,881 Cr) remained under pressure, while **Consumer Durables** (₹756 Cr) and **Textiles** (₹100 Cr) also stayed net sold.
 - **Healthcare** was relatively mixed, with first-half selling of ₹1,051 Cr partly offset by second-half buying of ₹722 Cr, resulting in a modest net outflow of ₹329 Cr. **Utilities** remained largely flat with negligible net selling of ₹6 Cr.

| Sector-Wise FPI Equity Purchases: Feb, 2026 (Amount in Crs) | | | | Sector-Wise FPI Equity Sales: Feb, 2026 (Amount in Crs) | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|--------|---|------------|-------------|----------|
| Sector | 1st - 15th | 16th - 28th | Total | Sector | 1st - 15th | 16th - 28th | Total |
| Capital Goods | 8,032 | 4,103 | 12,135 | Information Technology | (10,956) | (5,993) | (16,949) |
| Financial Services | 6,175 | 2,243 | 8,418 | Consumer Services | 1,066 | (5,238) | (4,172) |
| Metals & Mining | 3,279 | 2,359 | 5,638 | FMCG | (1,182) | (769) | (1,951) |
| Oil & Gas | 4,678 | 703 | 5,381 | Telecommunication | (106) | (1,775) | (1,881) |
| Power | 3,272 | 1,234 | 4,506 | Consumer Durables | (434) | (322) | (756) |
| Construction | 1,745 | 2,742 | 4,487 | Healthcare | (1,051) | 722 | (329) |
| Automobile | 511 | 3,075 | 3,586 | Textiles | (67) | (33) | (100) |
| Services | 1,286 | 205 | 1,491 | Utilities | (14) | 8 | (6) |

| Sector-Wise FPI Equity Purchases in Jan-Feb, 2026 | | Sector-Wise FPI Equity Sales in Jan-Feb, 2026 | |
|---|--------------|---|--------------|
| Sector | Amount (Crs) | Sector | Amount (Crs) |
| Metals & Mining | 17,164 | Information Technology | (18,784) |
| Capital Goods | 14,896 | Consumer Services | (9,685) |
| Oil & Gas | 4,441 | FMCG | (9,448) |
| Construction | 2,955 | Telecommunication | (6,658) |
| Power | 2,639 | Healthcare | (6,491) |
| Chemicals | 388 | Realty | (1,921) |
| Forest Materials | 40 | Consumer Durables | (1,806) |
| | | Construction Materials | (536) |

Jan–Feb 2026 Snapshot: Where FPIs Placed Their Biggest Bets

FPI Sectoral Positioning (Jan–Feb 2026): Metals & Capital Goods Lead Buying; IT Remains the Biggest Sell-Off

- ❖ **Cyclicals & Capex Lead FPI Buying in Jan–Feb 2026**
 - Cyclicals and capex-linked sectors dominated FPI buying in Jan–Feb 2026. Metals & Mining emerged as the top bought sector at ₹17,164 Cr, followed by Capital Goods at ₹14,896 Cr, highlighting strong foreign investor preference for industrial and investment-linked themes.
 - Oil & Gas also saw meaningful inflows at ₹4,441 Cr, while Construction (₹2,955 Cr) and Power (₹2,639 Cr) reflected continued interest in domestic infrastructure and cyclical plays. Buying in Chemicals remained modest at ₹388 Cr, while Forest Materials was largely negligible at ₹40 Cr.
- ❖ **IT Faces the Sharpest Selling in CY26 So Far**
 - On the sell side, IT remained the biggest drag on FPI allocations. Information Technology saw the sharpest outflows at ₹18,784 Cr, indicating continued caution toward global-demand-sensitive sectors. This was followed by selling in Consumer Services (₹9,685 Cr) and FMCG (₹9,448 Cr), suggesting pressure on consumption-oriented pockets as well.
 - Telecommunication (₹6,658 Cr) and Healthcare (₹6,491 Cr) also witnessed notable exits, while Realty (₹1,921 Cr), Consumer Durables (₹1,806 Cr) and Construction Materials (₹536 Cr) remained net sold.
- ❖ **Cyclicals Preferred, IT & Consumption Trimmed:** Net-net, CY2026 so far, FPI flows reflect a clear preference for cyclicals and capex-led themes, even as investors continued to pare exposure to IT and consumer-facing sectors.

Indian Benchmark Indices: Tracking Performance

| Absolute Returns: A Snapshot of Indices Performance(%) | | |
|--|----------|------------|
| Benchmark | February | CY2026 YTD |
| Sensex | (1.19) | (4.62) |
| Nifty 50 | (0.56) | (3.64) |
| Nifty Midcap 150 | 1.66 | (1.93) |
| Nifty Smallcap 250 | 0.75 | (4.82) |

- ❖ **Broader Markets Outperform in February; CY2026 Returns Still Negative**
 - Large caps remained under pressure in February, with the Sensex down 1.19% and the Nifty 50 slipping 0.56%. In contrast, broader markets outperformed, as the Nifty Midcap 150 rose 1.66% and the Nifty Smallcap 250 gained 0.75%, indicating selective buying beyond benchmark names.
 - For CY2026 YTD, however, all key indices remain in the red. The Nifty Midcap 150 has been the most resilient with a decline of 1.93%, followed by the Nifty 50, down 3.64%. The Sensex is down 4.62%, while the Nifty Smallcap 250 has seen the sharpest fall at 4.82%. Net-net, February reflected improving risk appetite in broader markets, but CY2026 YTD performance still points to a weak start overall.

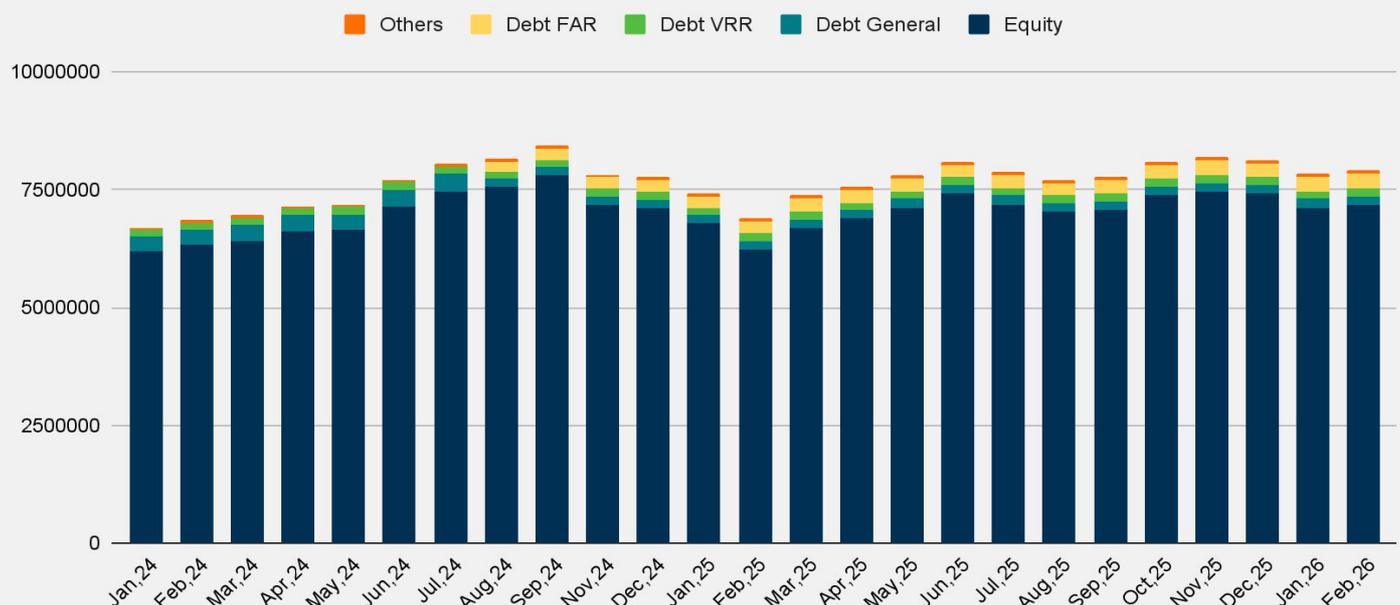
Tracking FPI's AUC in Indian Markets

FPIs' AUC Rebounds in Feb'26 as Equity Recovers; Debt FAR Continues to Rise

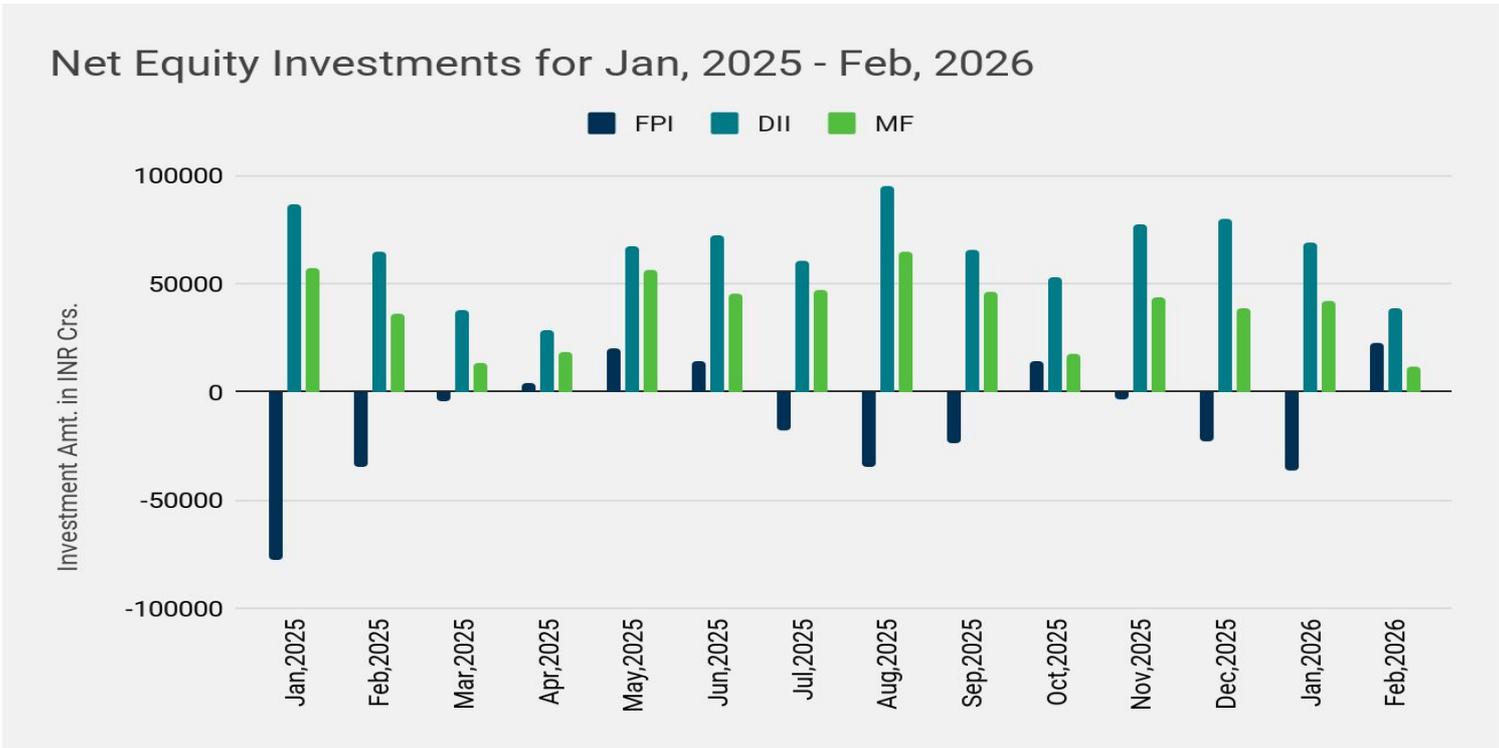
- **Total AUC recovers after January's dip:** FPIs' Assets Under Custody (AUC) rose to ₹79.02 Lakh Cr in February 2026 from ₹78.40 Lakh Cr in January 2026 – an increase of ~₹0.62 Lakh Cr (+0.79% MoM). The recovery suggests an improvement in market value and positioning after the equity-led correction seen in January.
- **Equity AUC drives the rebound:** Equity holdings increased to ₹71.78 Lakh Cr in Feb'26 from ₹71.25 Lakh Cr in Jan'26, up ~₹0.52 Lakh Cr (+0.74% MoM). This rebound in equity AUC was the key contributor to the rise in overall custody levels.
- **Debt AUC remains supportive; FAR continues to strengthen:** Debt General rose to ₹1.85 Lakh Cr from ₹1.81 Lakh Cr, while Debt VRR edged up to ₹1.72 Lakh Cr from ₹1.69 Lakh Cr. Debt FAR increased further to ₹2.95 Lakh Cr from ₹2.87 Lakh Cr, indicating continued preference for the FAR route.
- **CY2026 trend remains negative:** FPIs' total AUC declined to ₹79.02 Lakh Cr in Feb'26 from ₹81.39 Lakh Cr in Dec'25 – down ~₹2.36 Lakh Cr (-2.9%). The fall was largely driven by an equity-led reduction, with equity AUC slipping to ₹71.78 Lakh Cr from ₹74.26 Lakh Cr, a decline of ~₹2.49 Lakh Cr (-3.3%).

| Asset Under Custody(AUC) of FPIs (INR Cr) | | | | Key Sectoral Breakdown of FPI Equity AUC (INR Cr) | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Segment | Feb,26 | Jan,26 | Change | Sector | Feb,26 | Jan,26 | Change |
| Equity | 7,177,819 | 7,125,350 | 52,469 | Financial Services | 2,326,577 | 2,302,818 | 23,759 |
| Debt General | 184,839 | 181,179 | 3,660 | Automobile | 564,150 | 536,293 | 27,857 |
| Debt VRR | 172,031 | 169,361 | 2,670 | Oil & Gas | 536,467 | 524,352 | 12,115 |
| **Corporate Bonds | 128,661 | 124,589 | 4,072 | Healthcare | 472,362 | 439,490 | 32,872 |
| Debt FAR | 294,702 | 286,589 | 8,113 | Capital Goods | 463,894 | 421,683 | 42,211 |
| Others | 72,854 | 77,875 | (5,021) | IT | 417,719 | 533,953 | (116,234) |
| Total | 7,902,245 | 7,840,354 | 61,891 | Telecom | 362,925 | 378,716 | (15,791) |

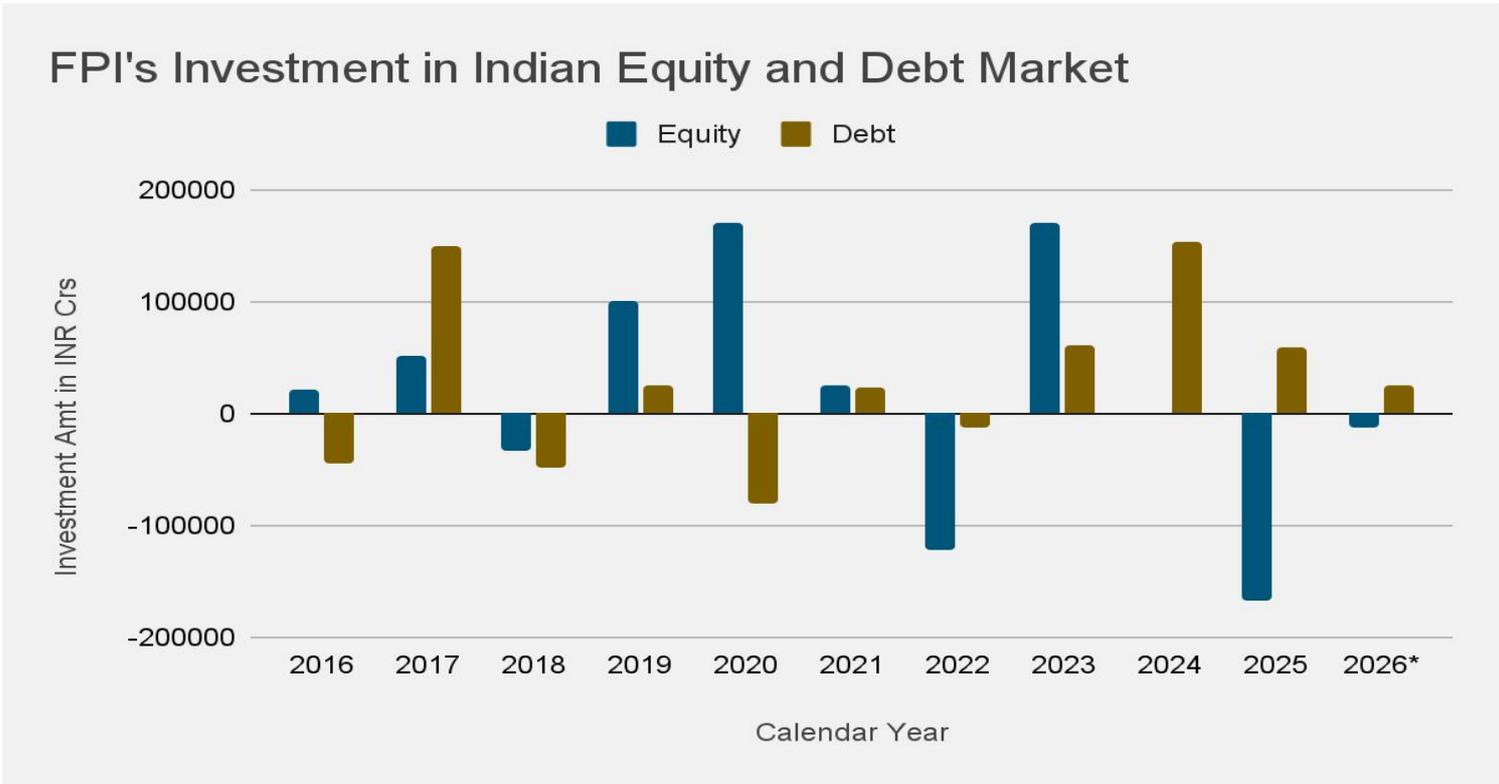
Asset Under Custody(AUC) of FPIs (INR Cr)



Equity Investment Breakdown by Participant



FPI's Strategic Investments in Equity and Debt Markets



*Data is updated as of 28th February. DII investments include MF investments.

Source: NSDL, SEBI